



## A Rotational Stage Using Overconstrained Weak-Link Mechanism for NIST USAXS Instrument at the UNICAT 33-ID Experimental Station

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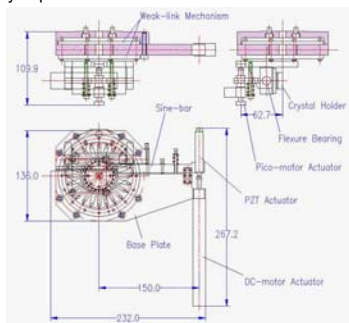
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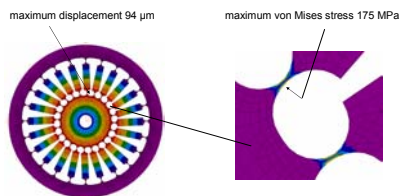
### Abstract

We have designed and constructed a high-precision high-stability rotational stage for the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) ultra-small-angle x-ray scattering instrument at the Advanced Photon Source (APS) UNICAT 33-ID beamline experimental station.

The stage includes a PZT actuator, a Pico-motor actuator and a DC-motor actuator for the crystal holder fine adjustment. An overconstrained weak-link mechanism provides high structure stiffness and stability. Preliminary experimental applications with this new rotational stage showed a significant system stability improvement.



The rotational stage consists of two sub-assemblies: a base structure and a crystal holder. The base structure includes a compact sine-bar driving mechanism for the crystal pitch alignment, which is the key component of the whole structure. There are two groups of stacked thin metal weak-link structures mounted on each side of the base plate. A sine-bar is installed on the center of the planar rotary shaft for the crystal pitch alignment. Two linear drivers are mounted on the base structure serially to drive the sine-bar. The rough adjustment is performed by a PI DC-motor actuator with a 50-nm step size. A PI closed-loop controlled PZT with strain gauge position sensor provides 1-nm resolution for the pitch fine alignment. A pair of commercial flexure bearing is mounted on the crystal holder, and a Pico-motor driven structure provides the roll alignment for the crystal.



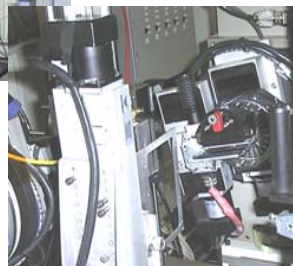
A finite element simulation for the wheel-shaped weak-link displacement under a 0.89-Nm torsion load. The left side shows the distribution of displacement, and the right side shows the distribution of stress in an enlarged zone.



UNICAT USAXS experimental station



3-D model of the overconstrained weak-link mechanism

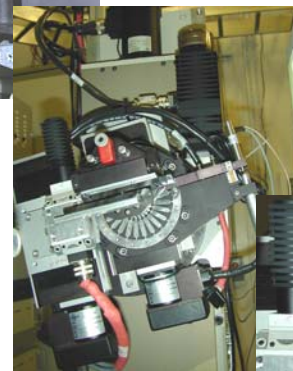


Photograph of the rotational stage for USAXS instrument

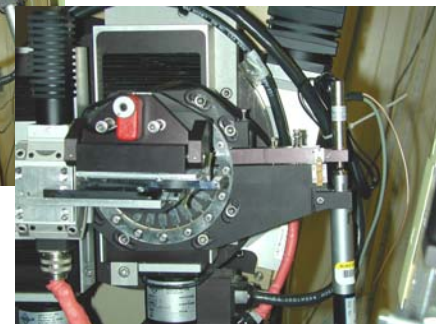
|                                      |                                   |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Maximum Overall Dimension            | 267 mm x 232 mm x 110 mm          |
| Main Shaft Diameter                  | 10 mm                             |
| Mounting Plate Size                  | 136 mm x 136 mm                   |
| Crystal Holder Size                  | 38 mm x 100 mm                    |
| Number of Angular Alignment Axes     | 2                                 |
| Angular Alignment Resolution (Pitch) | 60 read                           |
| Angular Alignment Resolution (Roll)  | 600 read                          |
| Angular Alignment Stability (Pitch)  | Drift less than 25 read per hour  |
| Angular Alignment Stability (Roll)   | Drift less than 100 read per hour |
| Angular Alignment Range (Pitch)      | 0.8 degree                        |
| Angular Alignment Range (Roll)       | 2 degree                          |



Photograph of the rotational stage for USAXS instrument



Photograph of the rotational stage for USAXS instrument



Photograph of the rotational stage for USAXS instrument

### References

- [1] D. Shu, T. Toellner, and E. E. Alp, Novel Miniature Multi-Axis Driving Structure with Nanometer Sensitivity for Artificial Channel-Cut Crystals, Synchrotron Radiation Instrumentation: Eleventh US National Conference, ed. P. Pianetta, Am. Inst. Physics, Conf. Proceedings vol 521 (2000) 219
- [2] D. Shu, T. S. Toellner, and E. E. Alp, Modular Overconstrained Weak-Link Mechanism for Ultraprecision Motion Control, Nucl. Instrum. and Methods A 467-468, 771-774 (2001)

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